# YПОҮРГЕІО ПAIDEIA乏 KAI ПONITIธMOY $\triangle I E Y O Y N \Sigma H$ AN $\Omega T E P H \Sigma K A I ~ A N \Omega T A T H \Sigma ~ E K П A I \Delta E Y \Sigma H \Sigma ~$ <br> YПHPEIIA EEETA乏E』N 

## ПАГКҮПРІЕェ ЕЕЕТАさЕI工 2015

MAOHMA：＾OГI乏TIKH
HMEPOMHNIA KAI תPA EEETA乏H乏：Пと́ $\mu$ тtтn， 21 Maïou 2015
08：00－11：00

TO EЕЕTA乏TIKO $\triangle$ OKIMIO АПOTEへEITAI AПO OKT』（8）$\Sigma E \Lambda I \Delta E \Sigma$

## ODHГIE ：






## QUESTION 1

## Exercise 1

The following balances were extracted from the books of Amaliada Plc on 31 December 2014:

|  | $€$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Plant and Machinery at cost | $\mathbf{€}$ 保 |
| Office Furniture and Equipment at cost | 16.800 |
| Provisions for Depreciation, 1 January 2014: |  |
| Plant and Machinery | 38.600 |
| Office Furniture and Equipment | 5.400 |
| Stocks on 1 January 2014: |  |
| Raw Materials | 12.200 |
| Work in Progress (at prime cost) | 7.200 |
| Finished Goods | 27.300 |
| Purchases of Raw Materials | 116.700 |
| Carriage Inwards | 1.680 |
| Direct Factory wages | 30.400 |
| Fuel \& Power | 6.780 |
| Factory Rent | 14.000 |
| Direct Factory Expenses | 11.000 |
| Rates and Insurance | 1.750 |
| Salaries: |  |
| Factory | 32.300 |
| Office | 36.840 |
| Heat and Light | 2.850 |
| Repairs of Plant and Machinery | 2.620 |

Additional information on 31 December 2014:

1. Value of stocks:

Raw Materials
Work in Progress
Finished Goods
$€ 13.700$
$€ 7.700$ (at prime cost)
$€ 28.100$
2. Depreciation is provided on Plant and Machinery at $10 \%$ using the Reducing balance method and the Office Furniture at $10 \%$ using the Straight line method
3. Rates accrued amounted to $€ 250$
4. The monthly Factory Rent is $€ 1.000$
5. Heat \& Light and Rates \& Insurance should be apportioned as follows: Factory 3/5, Office 2/5.

## REQUIRED:

Prepare the Manufacturing Account for Amaliada Plc for the year ended 31 December 2014, showing clearly the following:
a) Cost of Raw Materials used
(Marks 2,5)
b) Prime Cost
c) Cost of Factory overheads
d) Cost of Production.

## Exercise 2

On 31 December 2012 the Motor Vehicles account of Victoria Plc, showed a balance of $€ 80.000$. The Provision for depreciation of Motor Vehicles on the same date was $€ 15.000$. The following transactions took place during the following years:

2013 January 31 Bought two Motor Vehicles for $€ 9.000$ each paid by cheque
October 1 Bought a Motor Vehicle for $€ 19.000$ on credit from Alpha Plc
2014 August 1 A Motor Vehicle which had been bought on 1 October 2010 at a cost $€ 12.000$, was sold for the amount of $€ 6.750$.

Depreciation is provided at the rate of 10\% per annum using the Straight Line Method for each month of ownership.

## REQUIRED:

Prepare the following accounts for the years ended 31 December 2013, 2014 :
a) Motor Vehicles Account
(Marks 2 )
b) Provision for Depreciation of Motor Vehicle Account
(Marks 4 )
c) Motor Vehicles Disposals Account
(Marks 2 )
Show all your workings
(Total Marks 20)

## QUESTION 2

Andreas, Nicolas and Loizos were partners in a retail business. The partnership agreement stated that:
(i) Profits and losses were shared equally
(ii) Interest on capital at the rate of 6\% per annum is allowed
(iii) Annual salary of $€ 5.500$ is allowed to partner Andreas
(iv) $4 \%$ per annum interest is allowed on Partners' Loan
(v) $4 \%$ per annum interest is charged on Partners' Drawings.

The following balances were extracted from the books of the partnership at 31 December 2014 before any appropriations:

|  | Andreas | Nicolas | Loizos |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $€$ | $€$ | $€$ |
| Partners' Capital account | 10.000 | 15.000 | 12.000 |
| Partners' Current account | 500 DR | 1.000 CR | 2.500 DR |
| Partners' Drawings | 7.000 | 6.000 | 5.000 |


| The Net Profits for the year to 31 December 2014 |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| (Before interest on partner's Loan) | 22.100 |
| Loan from partner Loizos (Dated 1 July 2014) | 5.000 |
| Freehold premises | 50.000 |
| Accrued expenses | 800 |
| Debtors | 2.000 |
| Fixtures and Fittings | 8.000 |
| Bank Overdraft | 2.500 |
| Creditors | 5.510 |
| Loan from a Bank | 20.000 |
| Stock | 5.500 |
| Cash | 7.410 |

On 1 January 2015 Nicolas retired from the partnership and the following agreement was made:
a. The following Assets would be revalued as follows:

Freehold premises $€ 60.000$, Fixtures and Fittings $€ 6.000$, Stock $€ 6.500$
b. Goodwill would be valued at 1 (one) year's purchase of the average profits of the last three years. These were: Year 201250.000 profit Year 2013 (27.000) loss Year 201422.000 profit
c. Nicolas will take over the following assets as part of his capital:

Cash $€ 2.000$, all the Fixtures and fittings and the balance remains as a Loan to the new partnership.
d. Profits and Losses would be shared between Andreas and Loizos in the ratio of 2:1 respectively and Goodwill is to be written off.

## REQUIRED:

a) Prepare for the year ended 31 December 2014
(i) The Profit and Loss Appropriation account
(Marks 6 )
b) Prepare for the period ended 1 January 2015
(i) The partners Current accounts
(ii) The partners Capital accounts
(iii) The Revaluation account

## QUESTION 3

The following Balance Sheet was extracted from the books of Agathi, a sole trader on 31 March 2014:

|  | $€$ | $\epsilon$ | $€$ |  | $€$ | $€$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Fixed Assets |  |  |  | Capital |  | 374.000 |
| Premises |  | 220.000 |  |  |  |  |
| Machinery |  | 87.000 |  | Long term Liab. |  |  |
| Fixture \& Fittings |  | 25.000 |  | Loan |  | 20.000 |
| Delivery Vans |  | 35.000 | 367.000 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Current Liabil. |  |  |
| Current Assets |  |  |  | Creditors | 40.000 |  |
| Stock |  | 40.000 |  | Bank | 16.000 | 56.000 |
| Debtors | 24.000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less Prov.for B.D. | 1.000 | 23.000 |  |  |  |  |
| Cash in hand |  | 20.000 | 83.000 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 450.000 |  | 450.000 |  |  |

On 31 March 2014 Agathi decided to convert her business into a public limited company, the Agatha Plc, with an authorized share capital of $€ 900.000$ in Ordinary Shares of $€ 0.50$ each.

It was agreed that the company should take over all the Assets and Liabilities with the exceptions of: Cash in hand, Bank, and one of the Delivery Vans, which was taken over by Agathi at a book value of $€ 5.200$.
An amount of $€ 10.200$ of the creditors was settled by Agathi. The remaining creditors were taken over by the company Agatha Plc.
The assets taken over by the company were revalued as follows:
Premises $€ 250.000$, Machinery $€ 100.000$, Fixtures and Fittings $€ 20.000$, Delivery Vans $€ 30.000$, Stock $€ 35.000$.
The provision for bad debts should be adjusted to $5 \%$ of debtors.
The Goodwill was valued at $€ 10.000$.
The purchase consideration should be discharged by the issue to Agathi of 800000 Ordinary Shares at par and the balance in cash.
Preliminary expenses paid by the company amounted to $€ 4.000$.
After allotting shares to Agathi, the company issued to the public 400000 Ordinary shares at a premium of $20 \%$.
The company also issued 800, 6\% Debentures bonds, of $€ 100$ each at $€ 96$ per bond.

## REQUIRED:

a) Make the necessary journal entries, including those relating to cash, in the books of Agatha Plc. (Narrations are not required)
(Marks 10)
b) The opening balance sheet of the Agatha Plc, after the completion of the above transactions.

## QUESTION 4

Antonios, Marcos and Panayiotis have been in partnership for several years, sharing profits and losses in the ratio 3:2:1.

The following Trial Balance was extracted from the books of the partnership on 30 September 2014:

| Account name | DR <br> $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}$ | CR <br> $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Partners' Capital Accounts: |  |  |
| Antonios |  | 8.000 |
| Marcos |  | 8.000 |
| Panayiotis |  | 2.000 |
| Partners' Current Accounts: |  |  |
| Antonios |  | 2.000 |
| Marcos | 4.000 | 4.000 |
| Panayiotis | 21.000 | 13.000 |
| Debtors - Creditors |  | 17.000 |
| Bank | 15.000 |  |
| Stock | 16.000 |  |
| Motor Vehicles |  | $\mathbf{5 6 . 0 0 0}$ |
| Provision for Depreciation of Motor Vehicles |  | $\mathbf{5 6 . 0 0 0}$ |
| Totals |  |  |

It was decided that the partnership should be dissolved on 1 October 2014
under the following terms:
(1) Andreou, a debtor who owed the partnership $€ 20.000$, became bankrupt and was able to pay only 10 cent per $€$ of his outstanding balance, while all other debtors paid their debts in full.
(2) Stock was sold for $€ 12.998$ cash.
(3) A motor vehicle was taken over by Antonios at an agreed price of $€ 7.000$. The remaining Vehicles were sold for $€ 8.000$ cash.
(4) The costs of dissolution were $€ 3.200$ and discounts received from creditors amounted to $€ 842$.
(5) Panayiotis was unable to meet his liability to the partnership as he was declared insolvent, but Antonios was solvent.

## REQUIRED:

Prepare the following accounts in the books of the partnership to record the above transactions:
a. Realization Account
b. Partners' Capital Accounts (in columnar form)
c. Bank Account

## QUESTION 5

Pegasos Plc with an Authorized Share Capital of €1.000.000, divided into 400000 Ordinary shares of $€ 2$ and 200 000, 6\% Preference shares of $€ 1$ each.

On 31 December 2014 the following Trial Balance was extracted from the books of the company, after the preparation of the Trading Account:

| Account name | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { DR } \\ € \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{CR} \\ € \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ordinary Share Capital |  | 400.000 |
| 6\% Preference Share Capital |  | 140.000 |
| Premises | 660.000 |  |
| Motor Cars | 50.000 |  |
| Debtors - Creditors | 48.800 | 64.000 |
| General Reserves |  | 22.000 |
| Investment | 100.000 |  |
| Goodwill | 48.000 |  |
| Provision for Bad Debts (1/1/2014) |  | 1.200 |
| 8\% Debentures (issued 1/4/2014) |  | 240.000 |
| Gross Profit |  | 180.000 |
| Investment Income |  | 9.200 |
| Salaries | 75.500 |  |
| Bad Debts | 2.300 |  |
| Cash at Bank | 32.000 |  |
| Audit Fees | 10.000 |  |
| Profit and Loss Balance (1/1/2014) |  | 71.600 |
| Stock (31/12/2014) | 107.000 |  |
| Interim Dividends: Ordinary shares | 12.600 |  |
| Interim Dividends: 6\% Preference shares | 4.800 |  |
| Ordinary Share Premium |  | 20.000 |
| 8\% Debentures Interest | 3.200 |  |
| 8\% Debentures Discount | 2.400 |  |
| Provision for Depreciation of Motor Cars |  | 15.000 |
| Discount Allowed - Discount Received | 1.200 | 2.000 |
| Calls in arrear (for 20000 Ordinary Shares) | 5.000 |  |
| Cash in Hand | 2.200 |  |
| Totals | 1.165.000 | 1.165.000 |

## The following information is to be taken into consideration:

1. An amount of $€ 800$ included in Debtors is to be written off as bad
2. Salaries prepaid on 31 December 2014 were $€ 1.500$
3. Provide for Debenture Interest due
4. Provision for Bad Debts should be adjusted to $5 \%$ on the remaining balance of Debtors
5. Provide for Depreciation at $10 \%$ on book value of Motor Cars.

## The Directors decided to:

1. Provide for $10 \%$ Corporation Tax
2. Provide for the final dividend of $6 \%$ Preference Shares and for a final dividend on Ordinary Shares of 10 cent per share
3. Write off the whole amount of Debentures Discount and Goodwill by $€ 8.000$
4. Transfer additional $€ 2.000$ to General Reserves.

## REQUIRED:

a. Prepare the Profit and Loss and Appropriation Account for the year ended 31 December 2014
b. Prepare the Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2014 (in vertical form)
(Marks 10 )
(Total Marks 20)
(GRAND TOTAL MARKS 100)
--- THE END ---

