ΥΠΟΥΡΓΕΙΟ ΠΑΙΔΕΙΑΣ ΚΑΙ ΠΟΛΙΤΙΣΜΟΥ ΔΙΕΥΘΎΝΣΗ ΑΝΩΤΕΡΗΣ ΚΑΙ ΑΝΩΤΑΤΗΣ ΕΚΠΑΙΔΕΎΣΗΣ ΥΠΗΡΕΣΙΑ ΕΞΕΤΑΣΕΩΝ

ΓΡΑΠΤΗ ΕΞΕΤΑΣΗ ΓΙΑ ΠΛΗΡΩΣΗ ΜΙΑΣ ΚΕΝΗΣ ΘΕΣΗΣ ΛΟΓΙΣΤΙΚΟΥ ΛΕΙΤΟΥΡΓΟΥ ΣΤΟ ΔΗΜΟ ΛΕΥΚΩΣΙΑΣ

Μάθημα: Λογιστική (Higher)

Ημερομηνία: 19 Φεβρουαρίου 2011 Διάρκεια: 1 ώρα και 45 λεπτά.

ΤΟ ΔΟΚΙΜΙΟ ΑΠΟΤΕΛΕΙΤΑΙ ΑΠΟ ΤΕΣΣΕΡΙΣ (4) ΣΕΛΙΔΕΣ ΟΛΕΣ ΟΙ ΑΠΑΝΤΗΣΕΙΣ ΝΑ ΔΟΘΟΥΝ ΣΤΟ ΤΕΤΡΑΔΙΟ ΑΠΑΝΤΗΣΕΩΝ

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- a) Answer all four questions.
- b) Your answers should be written in blue biro. Do not use pencil red or green biro.
- c) Calculations may be used provided that are not programmable and give no print out.
- d) Marks may be lost by lack of neatness.
- e) Workings are essential and should be shown on the script.

QUESTION 1

At 31 March 2009 the Trial Balance for Tom Jones Ltd was as follows:

	€000	€000
Purchases/Sales	874	1.370
Debtors/Creditors	100	92
Stock at 1 April 2008	68	
General expenses	82	
Machinery at cost	560	
Land and buildings at cost	180	
Vehicles at cost	90	
Administration expenses	74	
Wages and salaries	162	
Discount allowed/Discount received	24	18
Directors' fees	72	
Ordinary share capital (€1 shares)		600
Retained earnings		4
Provision for doubtful debts		12
Provision for depreciation:		
Vehicles		30
Machinery		240
Balance at bank	80	
	2.366	2.366
Al .		

Notes

- (1) Stock at 31 March 2009 cost €74.000.
- (2) The land and buildings were revalued on 20 March 2009 at €250.000. The adjustment for this has not been included in the above figures.
- (3) Wages and salaries accrued at 31 March 2009 amounted to €14.000.
- (4) General expenses prepaid at 31 March 2009 amounted to €8.000.
- (5) The provision for doubtful debts is to be adjusted to 8% of debtors.
- (6) Machinery is depreciated at 15% per annum on cost.
- (7) Vehicles are depreciated at 20% per annum using the reducing balance method.
- (8) The Directors propose the maximum dividend.

REQUIRED

Prepare the:

- (a) Trading, Profit & Loss and Appropriation Account of Tom Jones Ltd for the year ended 31 March 2009 showing the proposed dividend expressed as a % of capital. (15 Marks)
- (b) Balance Sheet of Tom Jones Ltd at 31 March 2009. (15 Marks)

(Total 30 marks)

QUESTION 2

Aphrodite plc had the following information in the «Share Capital and Reserves» section of its most recent Balance Sheet:

	€
Authorised Capital	E 400 000
10.200.000 €0,50 Ordinary Shares	5.100.000
400.000 9% €2 Preference Shares	800.000
	5.900.000
leaved Oscitel	
Issued Capital	. ==
7.500.000 €0,50 Ordinary Shares	3.750.000
200.000 9% €2 Preference Shares	400.000
	4.150.000
Порожила	
Reserves	000 000
Share Premium Account	200.000
Revaluation Reserve	200.000
General Reserve	700.000
Retained Earnings	800.000
	1.900.000

Aphrodite plc also had €600.000 of 10% Debentures.

The Directors of Aphrodite plc have now made the following decisions:

- (1) To issue the remaining Preference Shares at par, €1,20 per share payable on application and €0,80 per share payable subsequently on allotment.
- (2) To redeem the Debentures at a premium of 5%.
- (3) To make a rights issue of two Ordinary Shares for every fifteen Ordinary Shares held at a premium of €0,25 each. All money to be paid on application.
- (4) To make a capitalisation issue of one Ordinary Share for every five Ordinary Shares held (including those issued under (3) above).

The Directors also decided to make maximum use of the non-distributable reserves when recording the above transactions.

Applications were received for 300.000 Preference Shares, so each applicant was allotted two- thirds of the shares they had requested. The additional money received on application was set against the amount payable on allotment.

All Ordinary shareholders took up their rights.

REQUIRED:-

Prepare Journal entries without narratives to record all the above transactions for Aphrodite plc.

(Total 25 marks)

QUESTION 3

Andreas intends setting up in business as a retailer and has provided you with the following information:

- (1) He has arranged a loan with the bank of €8.000 at 10% interest per year which is to be repaid at the rate of €2.000 per year at the end of each year.
- (2) He will introduce his own car as capital. The car is worth €12.000 and will last the business for a further four years and then be sold for €2.000. It will be depreciated on a straight line basis.
- (3) He can rent premises for €300 per month but must maintain a deposit of €900 with his landlord.
- (4) Shop fittings will cost €5.000 and will last the business ten years and then be sold for €500. These will also be depreciated on a straight line basis.
- (5) The first year's sales revenue all received in cash is expected to be €182.000. His prices will be based on a mark up on cost of 40%. Revenue is expected to be spread evenly over the year.
- (6) He will purchase an initial stock of €8.000 and aims to maintain it at this level by regular purchases. These will be made on a credit of 1.5 months.
- (7) Power and other expenses are expected to amount to €1.160 each month.
- (8) He intends to take €1.800 per month out of the business for his own use.

REQUIRED:

Prepare for Andreas in relation to his first year of operating:

		(Total 45 marks) (Grand Total 100 marks)
(c)	a budgeted Balance Sheet as at the end of the year.	(Marks 15)
(b)	a budgeted Bank Account	(Marks 15)
(a)	a budgeted Trading, Profit & Loss Account	(Marks 15)

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